

Section Editor: Paolo Martelletti
E-mail: paolo.martelletti@uniroma1.it

This section presents Web sites that may be of interest to readers. The contents of the sites and the main arguments, structured both for medical professionals as well as for their patients, are reported.

<http://link.springer.de>

<http://link.springer-ny.com>

The LINK Information Service offers electronic versions of most print journals, and an increasing number of books, from the Springer Group of Companies on the Internet, thus linking printed and electronic products. LINK's content is organized into 11 discipline-specific libraries for easy reference and its features include an alerting service, Online First publications, links to external databases, multimedia, supplements and a powerful search engine.

Access to the full-text articles of a journal is usually available to subscribers of the paper version of a journal. *The Journal of Headache and Pain* will be fully accessible for the year 2000 at <http://link.springer.de/link/service/journals/10194/> (User-ID, head2000; Password, sisc).

<http://www.sameint.it/sisc>

The official Web site of the Italian Society for the Study of Headaches (SISC), founded in 1976, is organized in three parts. The first section is dedicated to doctors and researchers. Here, visitors will find announcements for annual and biannual SISC awards, rules to be admitted to the annual Board of Qualification of Headache Disorders, and programmes of the official SISC congresses and seminars. A link to the online version of the official SISC journal *The Journal of Headache and Pain* is available, as well as links to 31 scientific journals and to the bibliographic database Medline.

The second section for patients contains a page dedicated to the newly founded Italian League of Headache Sufferers and links to 17 Web sites addressed directly to the patients with headache. In this group, the most important is the link to the World Headache Alliance, the federation of the associations of headache patients.

The last section presents a list of links to Italian and international scientific societies actively involved in areas related to headaches.

The representation of the headache scenario seems to be complete and the proposed information seems to be adequate.

<http://www.i-h-s.org>

The International Headache Society (IHS), founded in 1981, presently has 1000 ordinary members, with the goal of reach-

ing 2000 members with the announced Project 2000. Through this Web site, IHS offers members and visitors a concise but complete view of society activities. The most interesting pages are related to the description of the IHS structure, the IHS guidelines (classification and diagnostic criteria, ethics, controlled trials) and the IHS awards (clinical, research and paediatric fellowships). A link to Blackwell Science for the online consultation of *Cephalalgia* is available, as is a link to the SISC website.

<http://www.ahsnet.org>

The American Headache Society (AHS), founded in 1959, is the oldest scientific association for the study of headache. The public portion of this Web site offers clinically oriented information primarily intended for health care professionals. The archive of the oldest journal dedicated to headache fields, the *Headache Journal* founded in 1960, is available. The online version of the *Headache Journal* is now available at <http://www.blackwell-synergy.com> (for AHS members only). The AHS membership comprises over 1000 health care professionals from all over the world and they can communicate through the Members Only area. An interesting section is dedicated to online purchasing of books, CD-ROMs and audio cassettes related to headache by an affiliation with Amazon.com. The section Medical Education presents new drug therapies, a forum for discussing interesting clinical cases, and the possibility to download the related slides.

<http://www.europeanheadache.org>

This Web site describes all the activities of the European Headache Federation. This federation, founded in 1991 in Venice, now represents 30 headache societies or research groups in Europe. The site presents a list of winners of the Kauchtschivili Prize, and information on the organised meetings and conferences, and on the patronage activities.

<http://www.cervicogenic.com>

This Web site is dedicated to doctors interested in cervicogenic headache syndrome. A critical review of the most current scientific data and clinical research on this debated head pain syndrome can be found. Doctors interested in this emerging clinical entity can browse the sections dedicated to the clinical profile of cervicogenic headache, diagnostic tests, and invasive or noninvasive treatment dilemmas. The pathophysiological role of neck injuries in the onset of cervicogenic headache is also debated. Although the presented information on cervicogenic headache seems not to be completely up to date, this is the sole Web site dedicated to this underestimated neck-derived headache syndrome.