### **MEETING ABSTRACT**

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# EHMTI-0267. Plasma anandamide concentration after aerobic exercise training in healthy individuals and episodic migraine patients

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#### Introduction

Anandamide (AEA) is an endocannabinoid operative in several biological functions. Nevertheless, it is not known the effect of aerobic exercise training (EXT) on plasma [AEA].

#### **Aims**

Because a dysfunctional endocannabinoid system has been suggested to underlie migraine (M) pathophysiology, we intended to explore the plasma [AEA] after EXT in M patients and healthy individuals.

#### **Methods**

EXT protocol consisted of 12-week of supervised treadmill at standardized intensity, performed 3 times/week, 30 min./session. Four groups were separated for intervention or waiting list: Healthy subjects without AET (CC), healthy subjects undergoing EXT (CEXE), M patients without EXT (MC), and M patients undergoing EXT (MEXE). Patients had episodic migraine with and without aura (ICHDII). Blood collections were performed interictally at least 24h after attacks or anti-inflammatory use. AEA was quantified by LC/MS/MS. All participants took no preventive medication.

#### Results

The study included 48 participants (12 for each group) and groups matched by age, sex, and BMI. Baseline [AEA] was not different between groups. AEA reduced in MEXE and CEXE, but was statistically significant only in CEXE (p = 0.007). There was a trend to a negative correlation between adherence and  $\Delta$ AEA (r = -0.565, p = 0.056).

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#### **Conclusions**

Plasma AEA decreases after EXT in healthy subjects. In M patients, this response is prevented by lower adherence. Future studies should investigate the relationship between exercise-reward and AEA.

\* p = 0.007, Friedman's Test No conflict of interest.

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